

IN THE SPECIFICATION

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 7, line 21 as follows:

In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention, when invoked, the graphical user interface tool appears, for instance, centered on the position of the cursor at the moment the instruction was issued. Figure 2 illustrates a computer screen display ~~200~~ 101 on which is displayed from web pages 103, 105, 107, 109, and 111 in accordance with the Web browser disclosed in aforementioned U.S. Patent Application No. 09/561,862 in which the tool of the present invention has been invoked. The tool appears as an icon with multiple segments, each segment corresponding to one of the operations associated with the tool. For example, the icon take a generally circular form such as the daisy wheel 201 shown in Figure 2, wherein each segment is a petal 202 of the daisy wheel that corresponds to an operation that can be taken pertinent to the file in the panel within which it was invoked, i.e., each petal is a button. While the icon may take any reasonable form, a circular icon with arc portions thereof corresponding to the different buttons, such as the daisy wheel 201 with petals 202 illustrated herein, has certain advantages that will become apparent from the description below. The actual actions that may be taken through use of the tool will depend on the program in connection with which it is used. In a preferred embodiment, once invoked, the operator may then reposition the daisy wheel to a more convenient location on the screen, such as by right clicking the mouse again within the daisy wheel and dragging and dropping it in another location.

Amend the paragraph beginning on page 12, line 25 as follows:

Button ~~203b~~ 202b is a ZOOM button (to be described in greater detail below). Button ~~203e~~ 202c is a page function button (to be described in greater detail below), button ~~203d~~ 202d is a FAVORITES button which allows the user to add the Web page URL to a favorites list. Button 203e is a FORWARD, i.e., reload the page displayed immediately before the last operation of the BACK button. Button 203f is a STOP button which stops the loading of the page. Button 203g is a REFRESH button which causes the browser to reload the page. Finally, button 203h is a HOME button which causes the browser to load that panel with a Web page which the user has predesignated as a HOME page.

Amend the paragraph on page 15, line 4 as follows:

In an alternative embodiment in which more than two levels of zooming are made available, zooming out corresponds to taking increasingly wider perspective views of the theoretical three or four dimensional space comprised of the Web pages, while zooming in corresponds to taking an increasingly smaller perspective. Thus, if one is presently viewing a display comprising five panels as shown in Figure 2, zooming out generates a display showing twenty-five panels arranged to appear as five cubes, each comprising five faces/panels such as illustrated in Figure 5. The five central panels 1, 6, 7, 8, 9 of the display of Figure 5 comprises the five panels from Figure 5. Keeping with the spatial analogy, the other twenty panels 2-4 and 10-25 comprise five faces of four cubes which surround the cube from Figure 2 and which is now the central cube of Figure 5. Zooming out

again generates the display of Figure 6 in which one-hundred and twenty-five panels, 1-125, are displayed comprising five faces of each of the five cubes shown in Figure 5 plus five faces of each of four cubes surrounding each of those five cubes.

Amend the paragraph beginning on page 16, line 24 as follows:

The operation corresponding to the ZOOM button ~~203b~~ 202b can take several forms. In the exemplary embodiment shown in the figures, a single button, 202b, is designed as a toggle, e.g., there are only two ZOOM positions (e.g., zoomed in and zoomed out). Thus, a single button can be used to perform both functions. When the present condition is zoomed in, then operation of button 202b zooms out. When the present condition is zoomed out, then operation of button 202b zooms in. In other embodiments, especially those in which one may zoom in and out more than two levels, two separate petals may be provided, one for ZOOM IN and one for ZOOM OUT.

Amend the paragraph beginning on page 17, line 9 as follows:

While the invention has heretofore been described in connection with an embodiment in which each petal or button on the daisy wheel corresponds to a single action, alternately, operation of any one or more of the buttons may invoke a pop up menu that provides several related actions that the user may further select amongst. For instance, Figures 6 and 7 illustrate pop up menus 601, 602, 603, 604, 605 that might correspond to buttons 202a (BACK), 202c (PAGE Functions) and 202d (FAVORITES). Clicking on any one of those petals may cause a menu to appear corresponding to that petal. For instance, by clicking on the PAGE function

petal 202c, the user may be presented with menu 605 which presents a collection of options, such as CUT, COPY, PASTE, FIND, and GO TO, that are conceptually related (in that each is generally considered an editing type function). As another example, the FAVORITES button 203d, instead of executing the single instruction "Add to Favorites", may present the user with a menu of options 601 associated with the FAVORITES function. Thus, as shown in Figure 7, the user may be presented with the options of adding the current page to a FAVORITES list, editing the FAVORITES list, and being presented with the present contents of the FAVORITES list such that the user can move the cursor over one of those FAVORITES and mouse click in order to cause that particular Web page to be loaded into the panel within the daisy wheel was invoked.